

**A
1**

Mucho gusto, "It's nice to meet you".
(*Hasta la vista* is what you say right before you leave.)

**A
2**

Your *dirección* is your address, so he/she wants to find out where you live!

**A
3**

Estadounidense, although some people prefer to use the broader term *americano/a*.

**A
4**

3. OK.

**A
5**

Una, "one". Your mom has two daughters and one of them is you.

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6

Señor is the word for "Mister" in Spanish.

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7

Pza. (Plz. is NOT a Spanish abbreviation.)

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8

Café Solo is "black coffee"; *café con leche* is "coffee with milk".

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9

2. *Vino tinto*, "red wine". (*Vino blanco* is "white wine" and the term *vino rojo* doesn't exist.)

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10

Cierto. In Mexico, *tapas*, typical Spanish snacks, are called *antojitos*.

**A
11**

1. *En el estanco*, "tobacconist's". This is the only place aside from the post office where you could buy stamps in Spain.

**A
12**

3. A waitress. ("A camera" would be *una cámara* and "room service", *servicio de habitaciones*.)

**A
13**

Mi tía. (*Mi prima* is "my cousin".)

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14**

Falso. A mechanic doesn't work in a hospital. *Un mecánico* works in "a repair shop", *un taller*.

**A
15**

Tres, your dad and your two brothers.

**A
16**

Mañana, "tomorrow", of course!

**A
17**

1. *Una esquina* is the place where two streets meet, that is, "a corner".

**A
18**

If yesterday was Tuesday and tomorrow is Thursday, today is *miércoles*.

**A
19**

Falso. (Women use *el servicio de señoras*, "the ladies' room".)

**A
20**

Down. The verb *bajar* means "to go down".

**A
21**

Ruinas are *antiguas*, "ancient". (If they were *modernas*, "modern", they wouldn't be ruins!)

**A
22**

Chorizo, try it with cheese and fresh tomatoes; it's delicious.

**A
23**

You get *rosa*, "pink", when you mix *rojo*, "red", with *blanco*, "white".

**A
24**

Vaqueros, literally, "cowboy pants". *Pantalones de mezclilla*, "mixed-material pants" or *tejanos*, "Texans", are also expressions used to refer to "jeans".

**A
25**

Cheaper. That's the best part of shopping during *las rebajas*, "sales".

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26

Un abono, which has different uses depending on the country. In Spain, use *un abono* to ride the subway, train, or bus; it includes 10 trips and a 10% discount.

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1. Bus stop. ("Parade" would be *desfile*, and "paradise", *paraíso*.)

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28

Delayed, since that's the meaning of *con retraso*.

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29

In *el baño*, of course. The bathroom is usually the best place for *una ducha*, a "shower".

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30

Me encanta, unless you love a person; in that case, you'd say *quiero*.

**A
31**

Tarde, "late". This is a useful word, since people in Spain generally don't rush!

**A
32**

Not long at all, since *en seguida* means she'll be out right away!

**A
33**

1. *Un aperitivo*. There's nothing better than "an appetizer" to start off a great meal. (*Un plato principal* is "an entrée" and *un postre* is "a dessert").

**A
34**

1. *La carta*. Reading the menu is the best way to decide what you want to order. (*Los entremeses* are "hors d'oeuvres", and *la comida*, "the meal".)

**A
35**

Las verduras, "green vegetables", would be your best option. (*La parrillada*, "mixed grilled meat", has nothing but meat!)

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36

She certainly is. *De acuerdo* means "agreed".

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37

The fork must be *sucio*, "dirty", since you told the waiter "this fork isn't clean".

A
38

A savings bank.

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39

3. *Una cámara digital*. (You won't find a digital "waitress", *camarera*, nor a digital "bed", *cama*.)

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40

1. *El cajero automático*. The banks are closed; use the ATM. (In Madrid, you can't get cash from *el supermercado*, "supermarket", or *la gasolinera*, "gas station".)

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41

Vacaciones, "vacation". Those Spaniards are truly lucky, aren't they?

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42

Andrés es chileno, like all men from Chile.

A
43

Primavera, "spring", of course!

A
44

Océano Atlántico, the "Atlantic Ocean", is the name of the ocean that separates Spain from the United States.

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45

Aire puro, "fresh air". (*Aire fresco* would be "cool air", meaning it's a little cold.)

A
46

1. *El protagonista*. Banderas played the main role in Zorro. (Perhaps he's also a "fan", *aficionado*! He wasn't the "director", *el director*.)

A
47

3. *Antigüedades* are "antiques".

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48

1. *Distinto* is a synonym for *diferente*. (*Diferencia* is a related noun, "difference", and *en frente* is "in front".)

A
49

Charlar, since it also means "to speak". (*Decir* would be a synonym of *contar*, "to tell".)

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1. A church. (*Un/a cantante* is a "singer" and *un vaso*, a "glass")

**A
51**

Your “wrist”, although it could also refer to your “doll”.

**A
52**

2. *Una receta* is “a prescription”, although the same word is also used to speak of a “recipe”. (“A receipt” is *un recibo*, and “a recital”, *un recital*.)

**A
53**

1. Without rhyme or reason, i.e., to do something without purpose, in a disorderly manner. This idiom literally means “without tone nor rhythm”.

**A
54**

3. *Estar colgado por alguien* is a common Spanish expression used to indicate you’re head over heels for someone.

**A
55**

Un farmacéutico. (A “female pharmacist” is a *farmacéutica*.)

A
56

Cierto. Your temperature always goes up when you get a fever!

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57

You simply ask him *¿Cómo estás?*

A
58

Un refresco, otherwise you'd get tea or wine.

A
59

Póngame.

A
60

Falso. To look up a word you should check the *diccionario*, "dictionary", and not a *revista*, "magazine".

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61

Un mapa, "a map". (Jugo is "juice" and sello is "stamp".)

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62

María is "the little one", since Julia is two years older than her.

A
63

Divorciado.

A
64

Correo electrónico. However, in some Latin American countries, email—said with a Spanish accent, of course—is used.

A
65

Falso. *Actualmente* means "at the moment".

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66

Sí. Soy casada means "I am married" (feminine) and, therefore, I have a *marido*, "husband".

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67

The 4th floor, as *cuarto* means 4th. (40th would be *cuadragésimo*.)

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68

Underneath. (Across would be *enfrente*.)

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69

2. *Postal*. (*Carta* is a "letter" and *cartel* is simply a "sign".)

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Viernes, "Friday". (If the day before yesterday was *martes*, "Tuesday", today must be *jueves*, "Thursday".)

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71

2. A “bakery”, *panadería*, is where you can buy “bread”, *pan*.

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72

If you like your coffee sweet, you’ll take it with *azúcar*, “sugar”. (You certainly wouldn’t want *sal*, “salt”, in your coffee, would you?!)

A
73

Con tarjeta, since Visa is a *tarjeta de crédito*, “credit card”. (To pay *en efectivo* would mean you’re paying cash.)

A
74

2. “Toothpaste”, literally, “paste for teeth”. (“Noodles” are *fideos*, and “glue”, *pegamento*.)

A
75

Secador, or “blow dryer”.

A
76

Cierto. Going by foot takes longer than going by bus.

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77

Un billete de ida y vuelta, por favor.

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78

*Cierto. You cannot drive without your *carnet de conducir*, "driver's license".*

A
79

*You must use *las escaleras*, "stairs", since *el ascensor*, "elevator", won't work without electricity.*

A
80

*2. Bedroom, that's why it looks so similar to *dormir*, "to sleep".*

A
81

Desayunar. (*Ayunar* is “to fast”, so *desayunar* is similar to “break-fast”.)

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82

1. *Un patio*, the Spanish version of the American yard, usually smaller and at the back of the house. (*Un jardín* would be “a garden”, and *un balcón*, “a balcony”.)

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83

Bien hecho, otherwise you’ll just get fried meat.

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84

Cucharilla, same as the tablespoon, but conveniently smaller!

A
85

Un postre, “a dessert”. (It’d be best if you had your *entremeses*, “hors d’oeuvres” before your meal.)

A
86

Margarita, the famous drink, as well as the Spanish word for "daisy".
¡Salud! "Cheers!"

A
87

You'll need a "double room", or *habitación doble*. (*Sencilla* means the room is only for one person.)

A
88

Tu prima, "your cousin". (Your niece would be your *sobrina*.)

A
89

1. How fast?

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90

La maleta is a "suitcase"; it's probably too big for your toolbox!

**A
91**

Summer, since *veranear* means "to go on summer vacation".

**A
92**

El otoño. Autumn always comes before winter, doesn't it?

**A
93**

3. *Fútbol*. (*Footing* means "jogging" to Spanish-speakers, and *fútbol americano* is "football".)

**A
94**

Boxeo, "boxing".

**A
95**

El martes que viene, which means the same thing, "next Tuesday".

A
96

La ópera, "the opera". (If you want to see a *tragedia*, "tragedy", perhaps you could go to *el teatro*, "the theater".)

A
97

1. Buenos Aires would be the ideal place if you want to learn tango, the sensuous Argentinean dance.

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98

3. *Jubilarse*, "to retire". (*Trabajar*, "to work", and *casarse*, "to get married", are also possible, but most people do these prior to the age of 65.)

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99

2. *Adelgazar*, "to lose weight" is the opposite of *engordar*, "to gain weight". (*Delgado* means "thin", and *engrasar*, "to lubricate".)

A
100

Ojos, "eyes".